

# Human Factors in Traffic Engineering

Bryan Bartnik, P.E.

TSITE Summer Meeting, 7/28/2022

















#### **Human Factors**

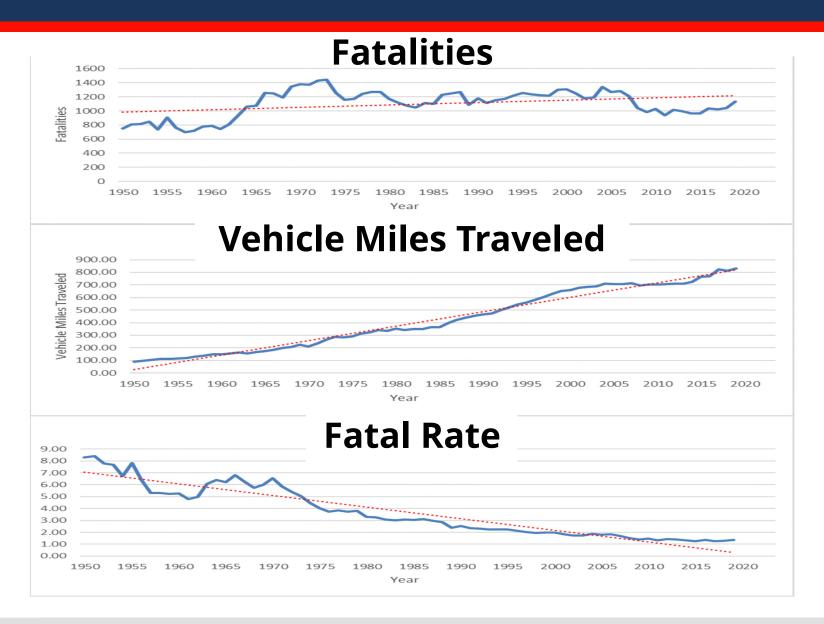
- The application of knowledge about human abilities, limitations, and other human characteristics to the design of equipment, tasks, and jobs.
- Simply, designing and building around people.
- gn design HUMAN FACTORS engineering psychology hes,
- Why? In <u>over 90%</u> of crashes, the critical reason for the crash is driver behavior







#### Fatality Trends in Tennessee – 1950 to 2018

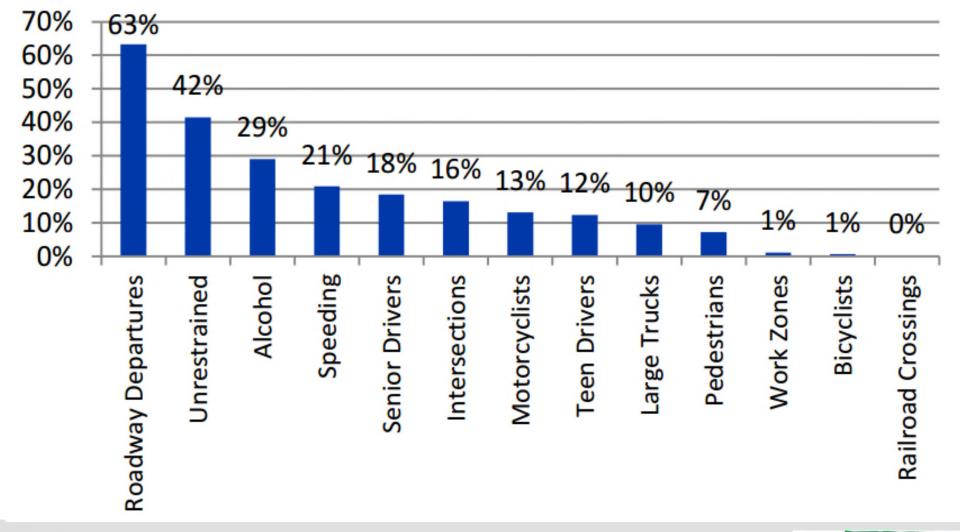






#### Fatality Trends in Tennessee – 2014 SHSP

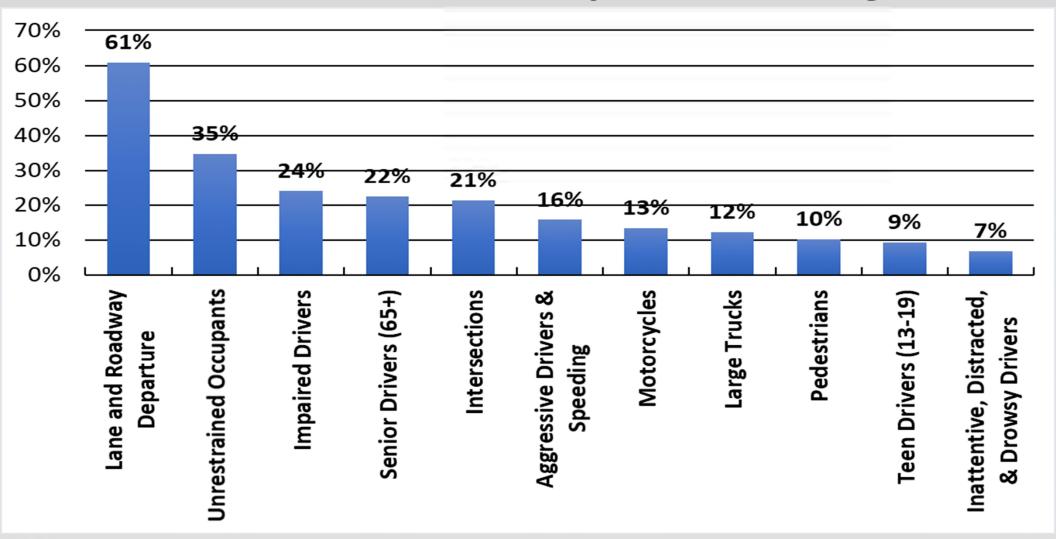
#### **Fatalities Percent of Total by Contributing Factor**





#### Fatality Trends in Tennessee – 2020 SHSP

#### **Fatalities Percent of Total by Contributing Factor**















## What is distracted driving?

DOT

There are  $\mathbf{3}$  main types of distraction:







### **Distracted Driving**

Common distractions drivers face:

- Cell Phone
- Passengers
- Radio
- Food & Drinks
- Rubbernecking







### **Distracted Driving**

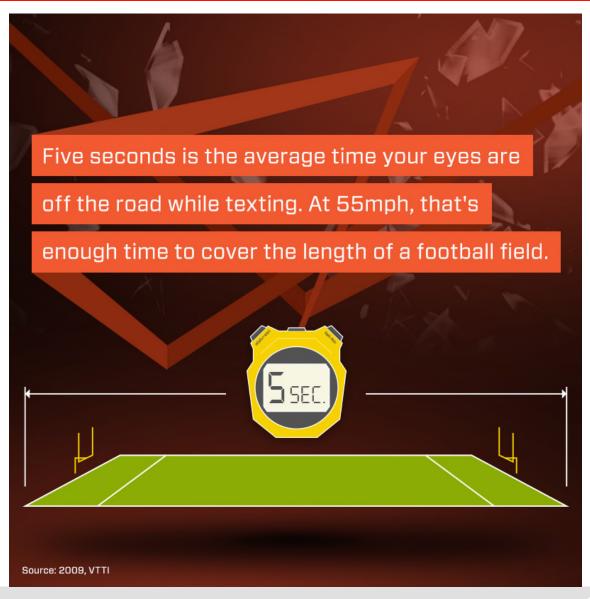
- In 2019, distracted driving killed 3,142 people and injured 424,000 (NHTSA)
- <u>9%</u> of all drivers <u>younger</u> <u>than 20</u> involved in fatal crashes were reported to be distracted while driving (NHTSA)
- Using a cell phone while driving, either hand-held or hands-free, can delay a driver's reactions as much as having a blood alcohol concentration at or above the legal limit of .08%







#### 5 seconds...







### Zendrive Distracted Driving Study (April '18)

Platform Solutions V Industries V Resources V Company V



Zendrive

# 2018 snapshot: Distracted driving is 100x worse than thought

Distracted driving is far worse than we thought. How bad? 100 times worse than the most reliable data available. Zendrive's 2018 Distracted Driving Snapshot reveals that 69-million drivers use their phones behind the wheel every day, far higher than the 660,000 daily distracted drivers reported by government data.

We also know that we really shouldn't be playing with our phones while driving, as it contributes to <u>26 percent of all</u> <u>collisions</u>. But until now, we didn't have accurate data on the extent of the problem. To mark Zendrive's 100-billionth mile of driver data analyzed, we tried to quantify how bad the distracted driving problem is in the US.





Contact

## Zendrive Distracted Driving Study (April '18)

- 3 month study analyzing:
  - 7.1 billion vehicle miles traveled
  - 4.5 million drivers



- Determined that over 60% of people use their phones at least once on any trip
  - Talking / Calls
  - Texting

- Checking / Sending Emails
- Using Apps
- Average driver used the phone for **<u>3.5 minutes per hour</u>**

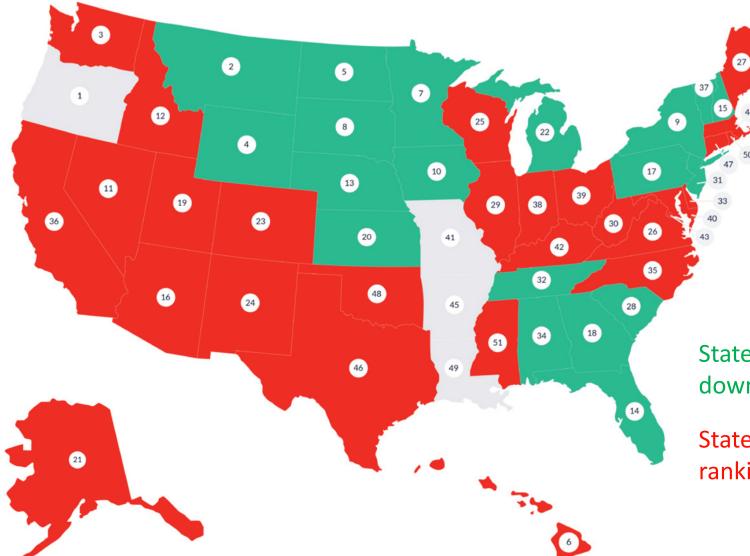
Study assumes ALL use of cell phone is equally distracting





#### **Zendrive Distracted Driving Study**





Tennessee ranked as the 32<sup>nd</sup> most distracted state

States in GREEN moved down the rankings

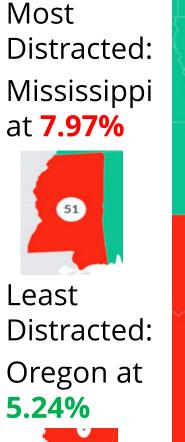
States in RED moved up the rankings





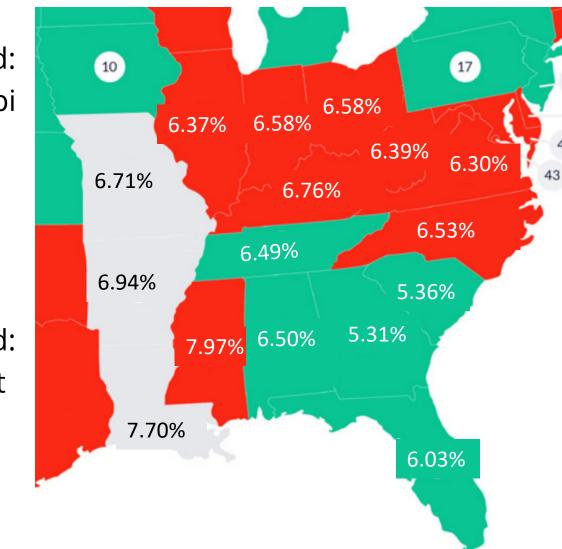
#### **Zendrive Distracted Driving Study**





1

TDOT Department of



Average Percent of Time People Use Their Phone While Driving

Calculated by:

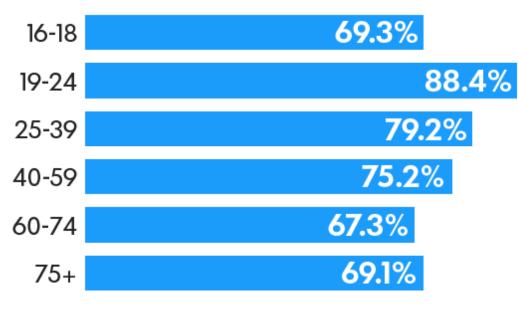
Average Daily Time Drivers <u>Use a Phone</u> Average Daily Trip Time



### Millennial Drivers – 2016 Study

#### **RISKY BEHAVIOR ON THE ROAD**

The percentage of drivers who reported speeding, red light running or texting while driving in the past 30 days, by age group:



**SOURCE** AAA Foundation for Traffic Safety survey of 2,511 licensed drivers, Aug. 25-Sept. 6

Frank Pompa, USA TODAY

The survey of <u>**2,511</u>** drivers from Aug. 25 through Sept. 6 by market research firm GfK found:</u>

- Millennials acknowledged typing or sending a text or email while driving at nearly <u>twice the rate</u> of other drivers (59.3% to 31.4%).
- Nearly <u>half of Millennials</u>
   reported running a red light even if
   they could have stopped safely,
   compared with 36% of the rest of
   drivers.
- Nearly <u>12% of Millennials</u> said it was acceptable to speed 10 mph over the speed limit in a school zone, compared with 5% of other drivers.





ISA TODAY

#### Are you paying attention?



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IGQmd oK\_ZfY&feature=emb\_title 18





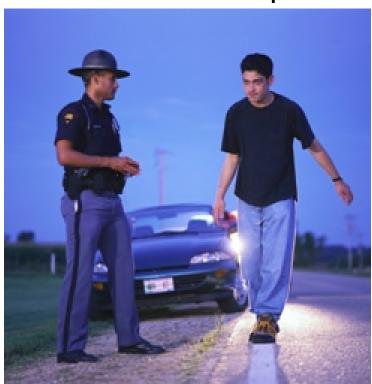






### **Impaired Driving**

- Alcohol and some drugs are depressants. Depressants slow down the functioning of the brain and nervous system.
- The following skills and abilities become impaired:
  - Reaction Time
  - Multi-tasking
  - Comprehension
  - Attention Span
  - Tracking







### **Danger of Impaired Driving**

- In 2019, there were 10,142 impaired driving fatalities
   <u>1 every 52 minutes</u>
- An average drunk driver has driven drunk <u>80 times</u> before first arrest.
- <u>**1 in 3 people**</u> will be involved in an alcohol related crash in their lifetime.
- In 2019, <u>28%</u> of fatal crashes involved impaired drivers

Annual Self-reported Alcoholimpaired Driving Episodes among U.S. Adults, 1993–2014





### **Drowsy Driving**

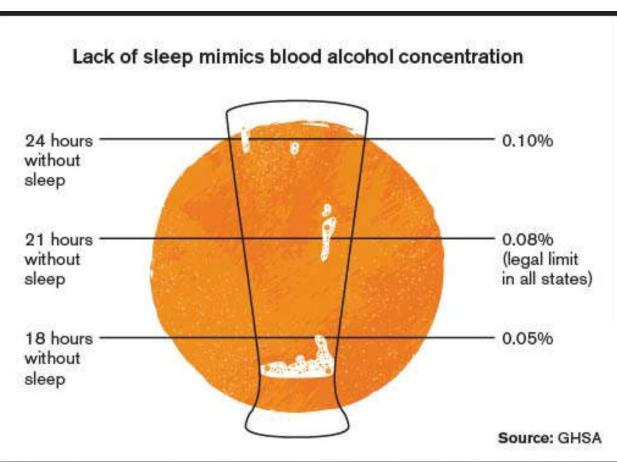
- About <u>1 in 25</u> adult drivers reported having <u>fallen asleep</u> <u>while driving</u> in the previous 30 days
- NHTSA (2017) estimates related to drowsy driving
  - 91,000 crashes
  - 50,000 injuries
  - 800 deaths
- Warning signs of drowsy driving
  - Yawning or blinking frequently
  - Missing your exit
  - Drifting from your lane







# **Effects of Drowsy Driving**



- Going too long without sleep mimics the effects of alcohol on the body
  - Being awake for 18 hours is roughly equivalent to a BAC of 0.05%
  - Being awake for 24
     hours is roughly
     equivalent to a BAC of
     0.10%





#### How to Avoid Drowsy Driving



- Get enough sleep and build a healthy sleep schedule
  - Treat any sleep disorders with your doctor
- Plan your trip ahead of time
- Avoid alcohol, downers, or prescription medications that make you tired
- Stop in a safe place, get out of the vehicle and move around
- Stop in a safe place and take a nap













#### **Connected & Autonomous Vehicles**

- Connected Vehicle Communication Types
  - V2I vehicle to infrastructure
  - V2V vehicle to vehicle
- Features of Connected Vehicles
  - Transmit signals around your vehicle that can "see" and talk to other vehicles and infrastructure
  - Allows for in vehicle warnings of various features
    - Unexpected roadway conditions
      - Horizontal curves
      - Intersections
    - Congestion





#### Levels of Autonomy



#### No automation: the driver is in

complete control of the vehicle at all times.

#### Driver

#### assistance:

the vehicle can assist the driver or take control of either the vehicle's speed, through cruise control, or its lane position, through lane guidance.

#### Occasional self-driving:

the vehicle can take control of both the vehicle's speed and lane position in some situations, for example on limited-access freeways.

#### Limited self-driving:

the vehicle is in full control in some situations. monitors the road and traffic, and will inform the driver when he or she must take control.

#### Full self-driving under certain conditions:

the vehicle is in full control for the entire trip in these conditions. such as urban ride-sharing.

#### Full self-driving under all conditions:

the vehicle can operate without a human driver or occupants.

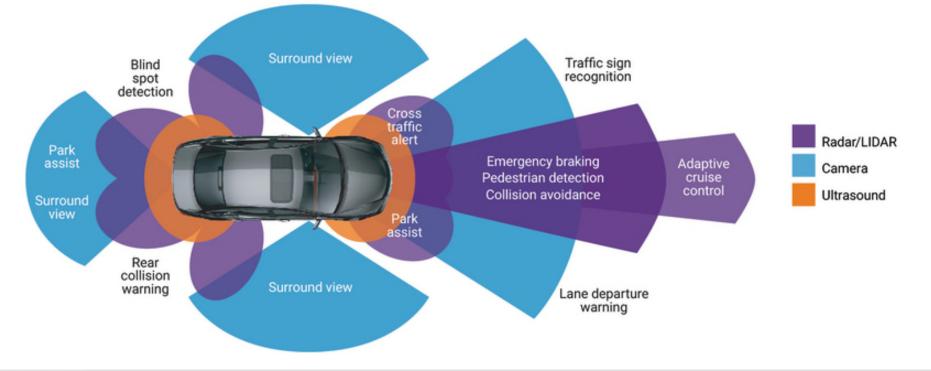
#### Source: SAE & NHTSA





#### Level 2 – Partial Automation

- Adaptive cruise control
- Lane keeping assist
- Blind spot detection
- Automatic emergency braking





#### **Benefits of CAVs: "The Simple Solution to Traffic"**





https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iHzzSao6ypE& ab\_channel=CGPGrey<sup>29</sup>



### **Timeline of CAV Impacts**

 Autonomous Vehicle Implementation Predictions Implications for Transport Planning – April 15, 2022

<u>https://www.vtpi.org/avip.pdf</u>

- Level 5 Autonomous may be commercially available by the late 2020s
  - High costs and limited performance
- Independent mobility for affluent non-drivers may begin in the 2030s
- Additional benefits (reduced congestion, increased safety, energy conservation, etc.) likely to be seen after CAVs become more affordable in the 2040s to 2060s





#### **Issues with CAVs**

- Construction Areas
- Roadway Surfaces (Pot Holes)
- Several automotive manufacturers are working on completely autonomous vehicles.
  - May not be consistent

This technology is unable to operate by faded lane markings, damaged signs or signals, and the many inconsistencies found on the majority of our roadways.



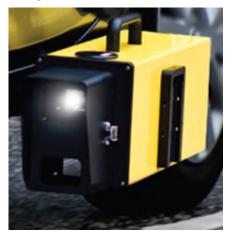




#### **Steps TDOT is Taking to Prepare for CAVs**

- Improving Maintenance Areas/Work Zones
  - Avoid potential confusing markings tar crack seals, eradicated markings
  - Perform a daytime assessment of pavement marking contrast
  - Consider dry and wet retro levels

Improve Pavement Marking Inspections Statewide







#### **Steps TDOT is Taking to Prepare for CAVs**

- Moving towards a 6' line
  - All new projects/resurfacings include 6" lines
  - Retrace contract working to transition other routes to 6" lines
- Ensuring uniformity in signs and pavement markings
  - Increase consistency in Pavement Marking
    - Dotted lines
    - Gore markings
    - Treatments to designate special treatments including HOV, bike etc.
    - Shapes of arrows and other horizontal signing treatments
  - Increased consistency in sign inspection and maintenance programs











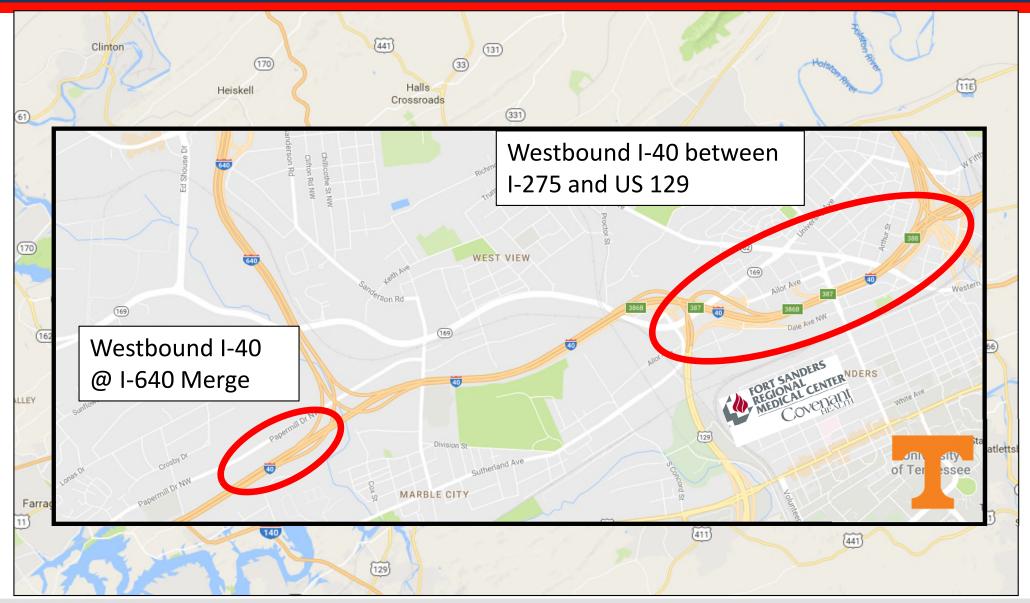




# **Urban Bottlenecks**

#### **Urban Bottlenecks**

#### **Knoxville Area**







## **Urban Bottleneck**

AADT 215,216 (2019)

#### I-40 with I-640

Westbound Merge

**Before** 

EXIT 383 Papermill Dr Weisgarber Rd 1 MILE EXIT & ONLY

#### I-640 WB Ramp AADT 39,432 (2019)

Image Landsat / Copernicus





Google Ear

## **Urban Bottleneck**

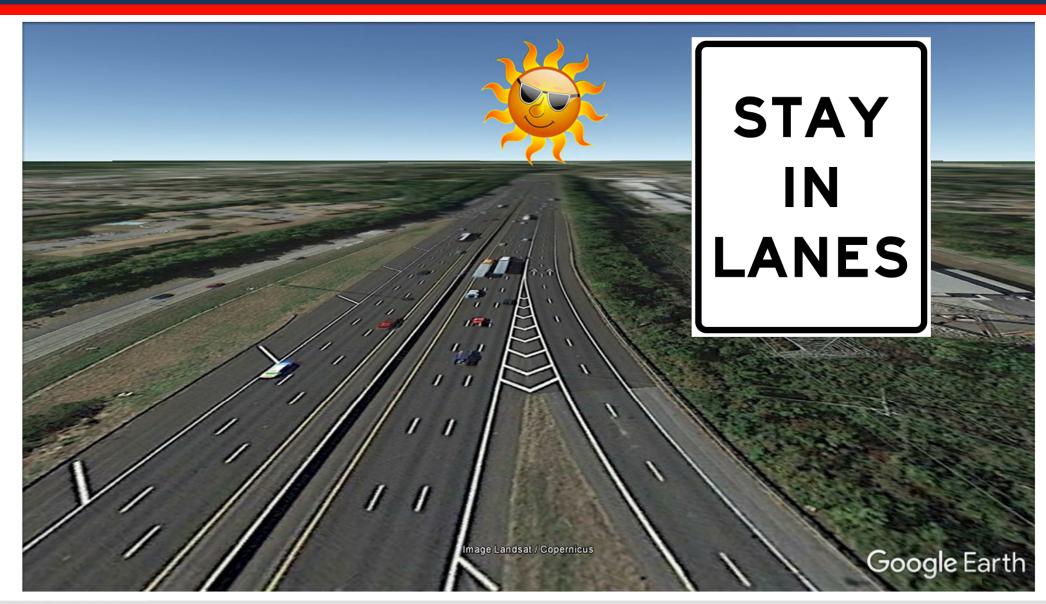
I-40 with I-640

**TDOT** Department of

Transportation

Westbound Merge

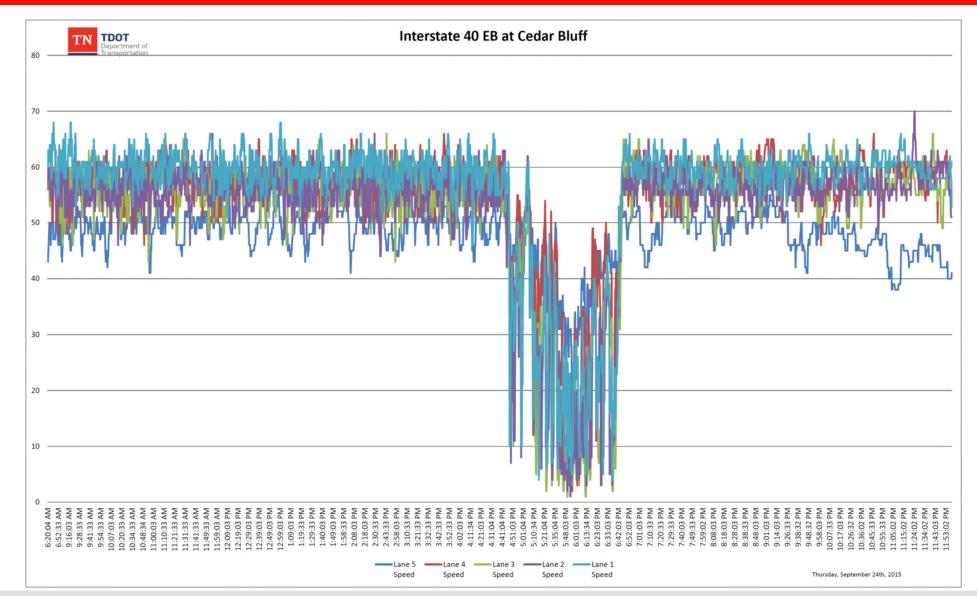
After







### Measuring Effectiveness RDS Speed Data

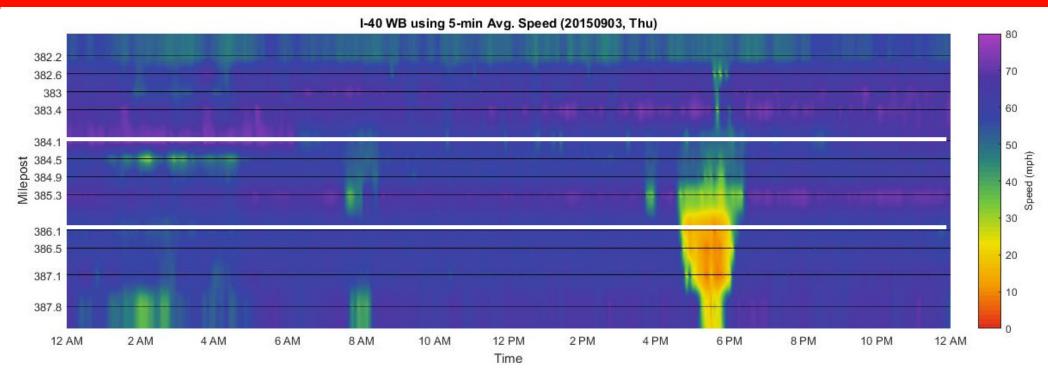






### Measuring Effectiveness Speed Heat Map





- 12 Horizontal lines from RDS data
- University of TN prepared 21 maps
  - 10 hours each

DOT

• Thanks to Dr. Lee Han, Mr. Bumjoon Bae and Mr. Brandon Whetsel



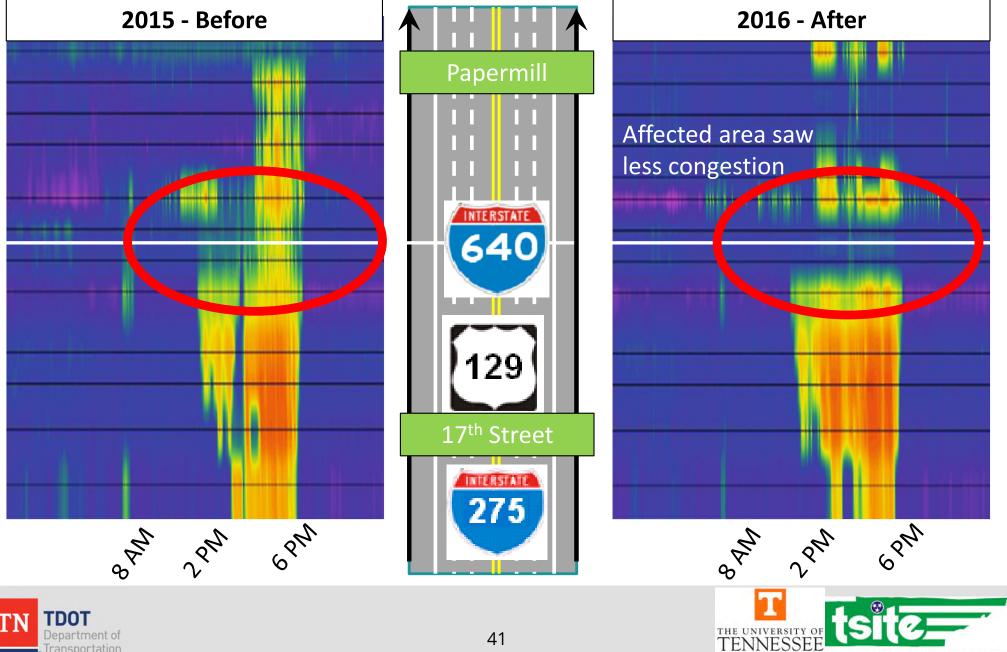
### **Measuring Effectiveness**

#### Westbound I-40 with I-640



SSEE SECTION INSTITUTE OF TRANSPORTATION ENGINEER

**CNOXVILLE** 



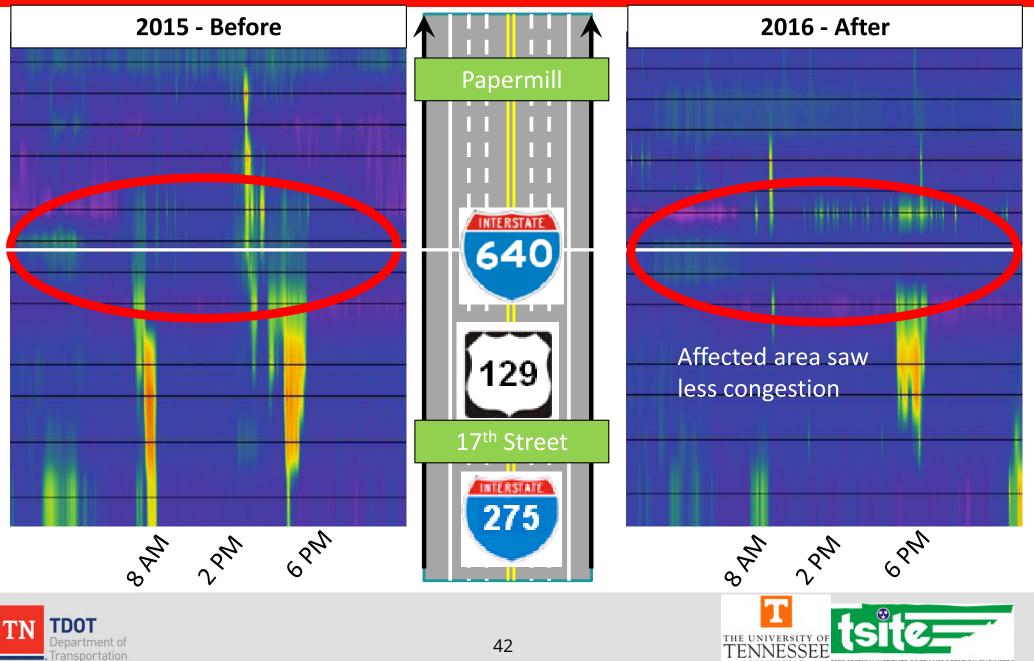


### **Measuring Effectiveness**

#### Westbound I-40 with I-640

#### Wednesday After Labor Day

**CNOXVILLE** 

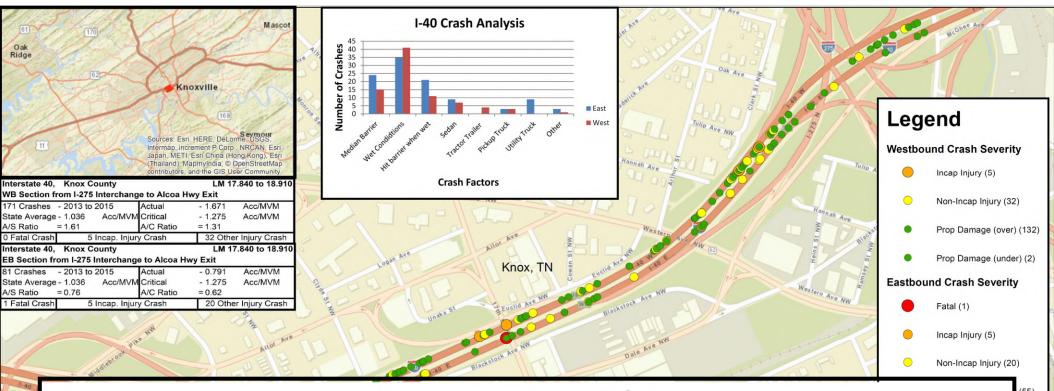


## **Urban Bottleneck**

**TDOT** Department of

Transportation

#### I-40 between I-275 and US 129



	Before								
	10 Year		3 Year		1 Year				
	Westbound	Eastbound	Westbound	Eastbound	Westbound	Eastbound	V		
Total Crashes	373	311	176	85	68	31			
Percent by Direction	55%	45%	67%	33%	69%	31%			



### Before: I-40/I-275 to 17<sup>th</sup> Street









## Before: I-40/I-275 to US 129, Alcoa Highway

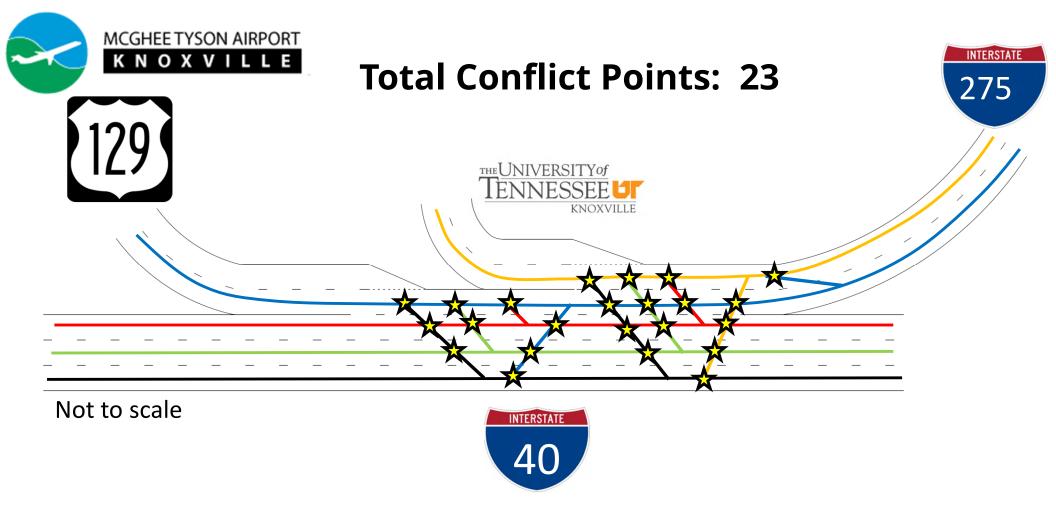








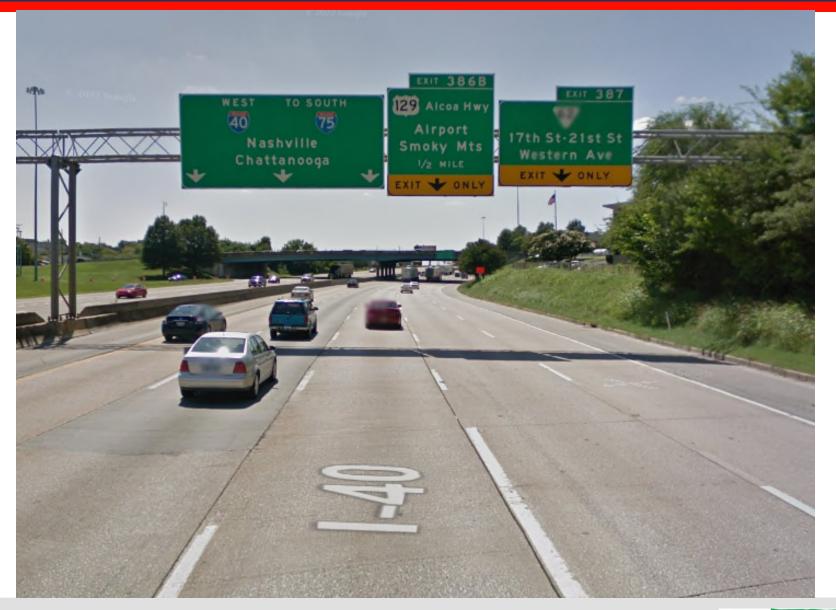
### Before: I-40/I-275 to 17<sup>th</sup> Street







## I-275/WB I-40 Merge – Existing Conditions







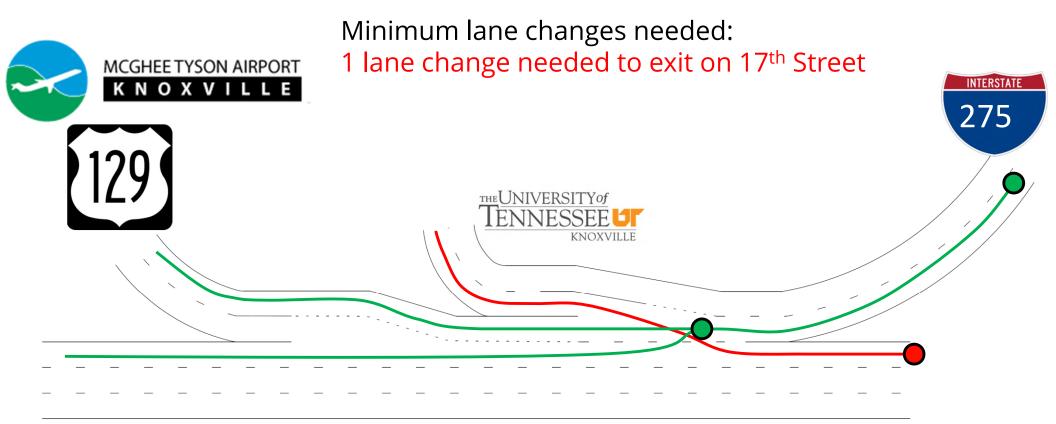
### I-40 Downtown Knoxville – Signing Plan







### After: I-40/I-275 to 17<sup>th</sup> Street



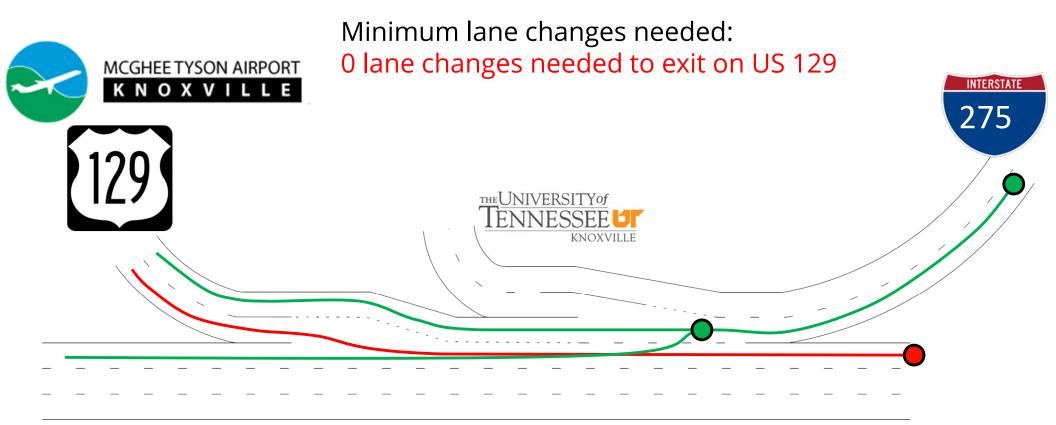
Not to scale







## After: I-40/I-275 to US 129, Alcoa Highway



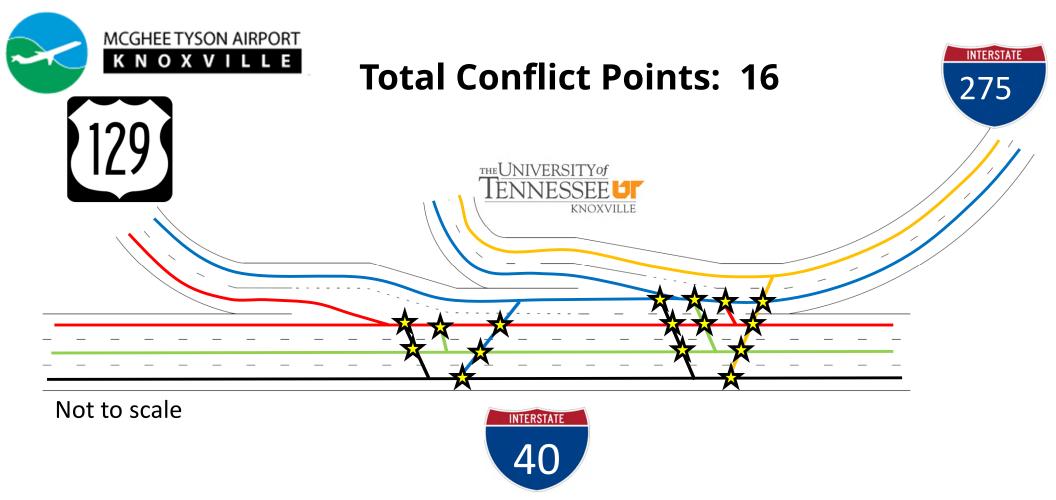
Not to scale







### After: I-40/I-275 to 17<sup>th</sup> Street

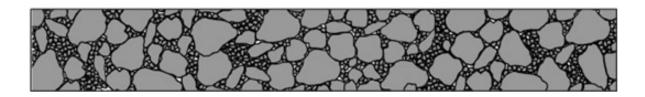




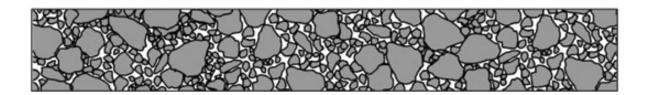


## **Open-Graded Friction Course, OGFC**

- Reduces spray and surface water
- Increases friction
- Shorter pavement lifespan



### **Traditional Pavement**









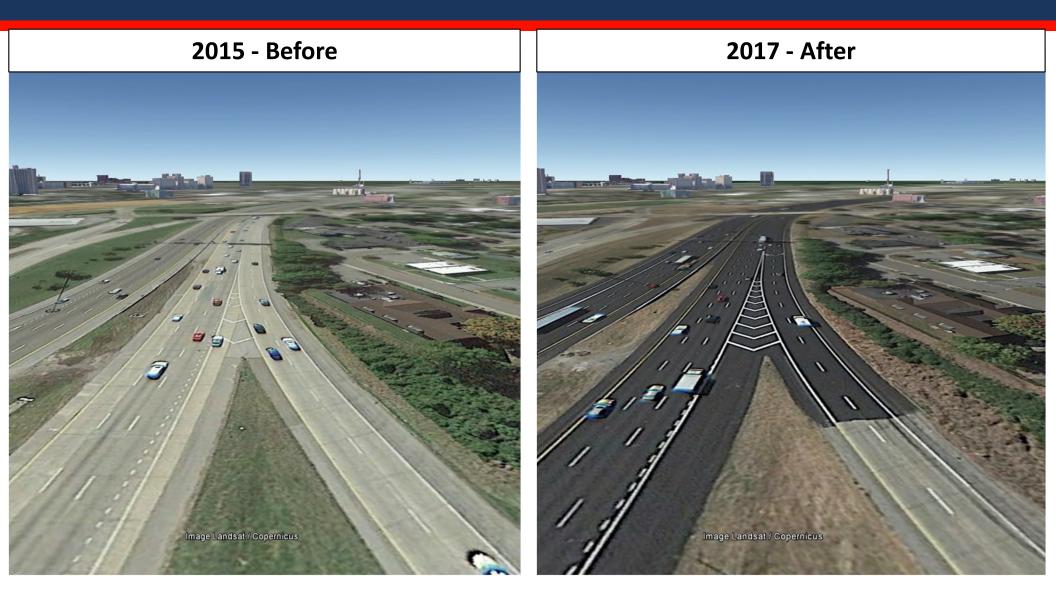
### **Post Construction Photographs**







### I-40 Downtown Knoxville - Flythrough







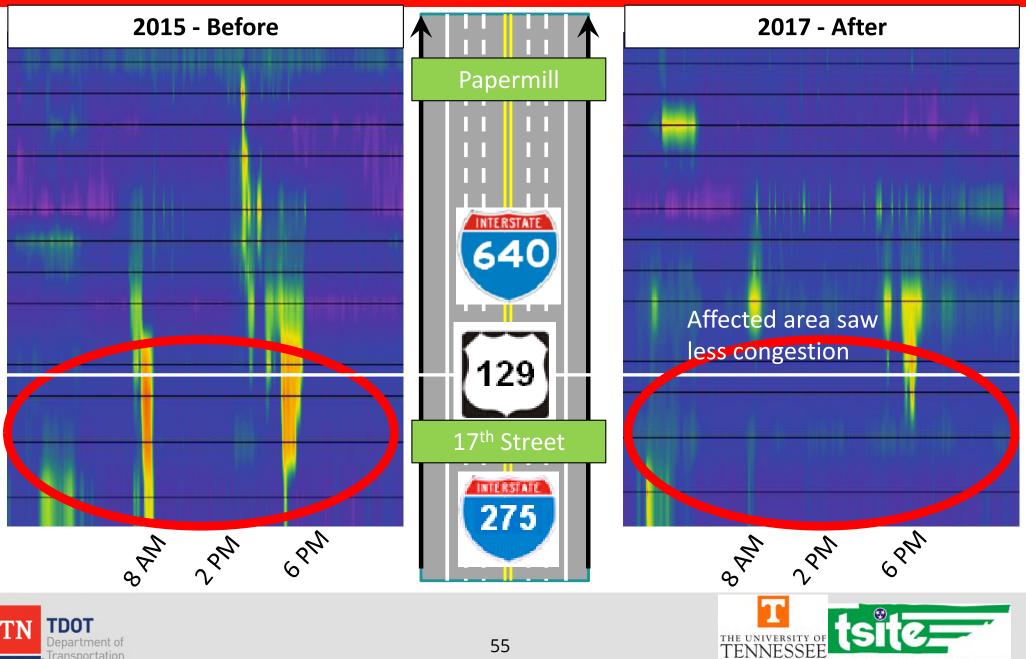
## **Measuring Effectiveness**

#### I-40 between I-275 and US 129

Transportation

Wednesday (September 2015 vs January 2017)

KNOXVILLE



### **Project Summary**

- **Time** Less than 1 year from conception to construction
- **Cost** \$2,022,939.90 for paving & \$55,076.64 for signs

#### • Wet Weather Crashes

Open Graded Friction Course

#### • Simplified Decision Making

- Improved Guide Signs
- Pavement Shields
- Option Lanes Longer Time for Decision

#### • Improving Interchange

<ul> <li>Reducing Conflicts &amp; Lane Changes</li> <li>Improvements made</li> </ul>	Study Period		Westbound Crashes	
without Widening				Percent
			Yearly Average	Change
	After	3 Years	17.3	-70.5%
	Before	3 Years	58.7	





Sevier County SR-35, US 441, Chapman Highway at Pleasant Hill



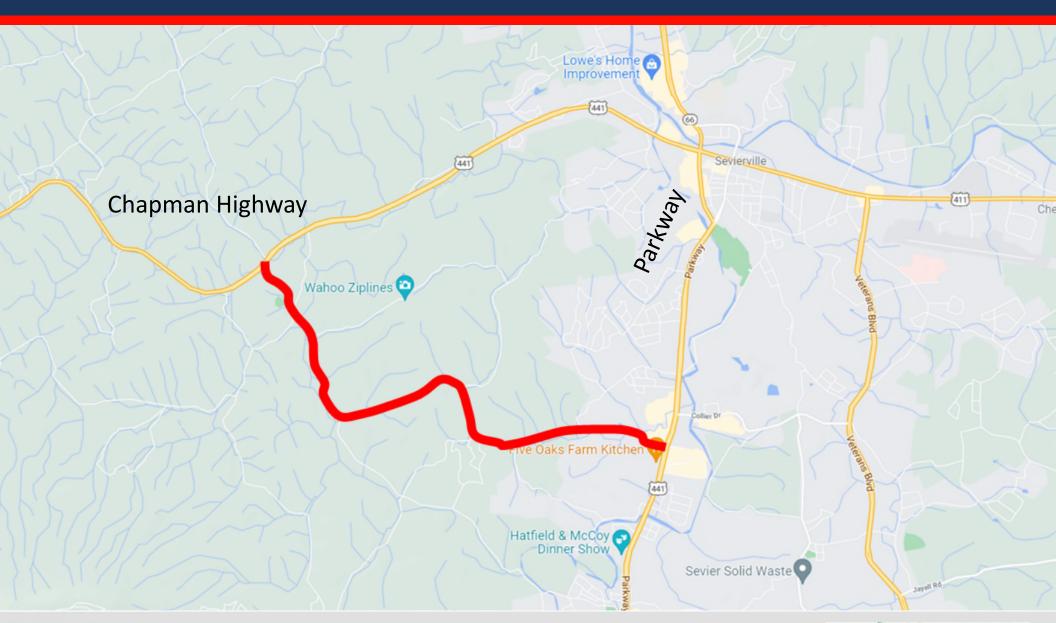
### In the News...







### **Location Map**

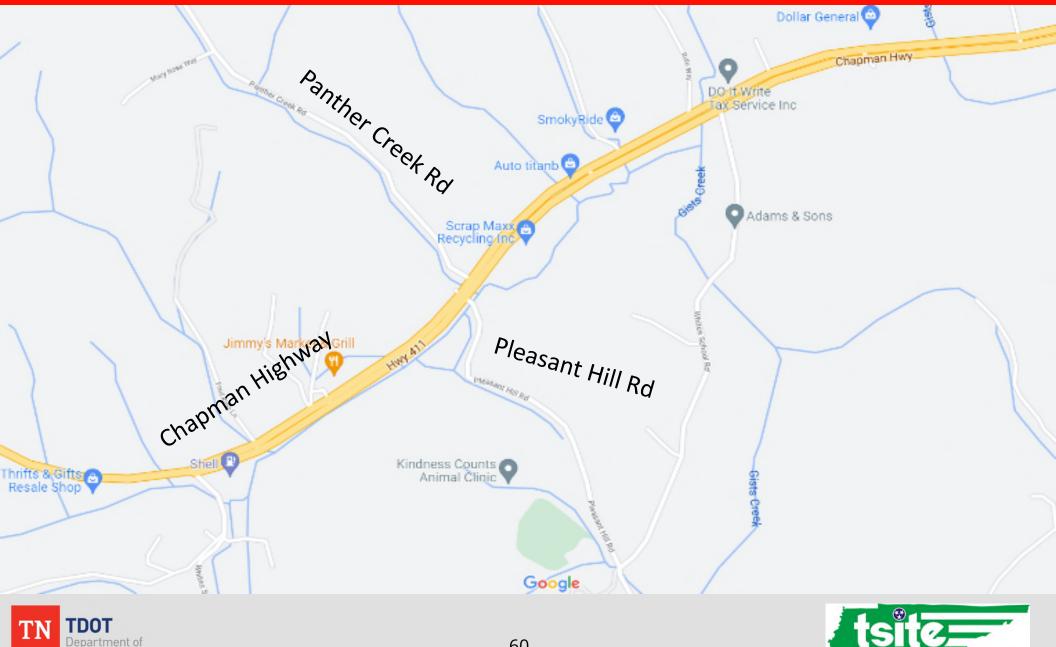






### **Location Map**

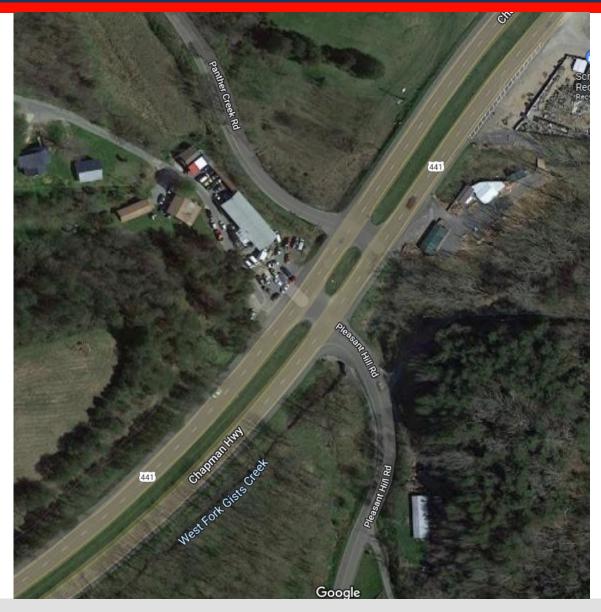
Transportation





TENNESSEE SECTION INSTITUTE OF TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERS

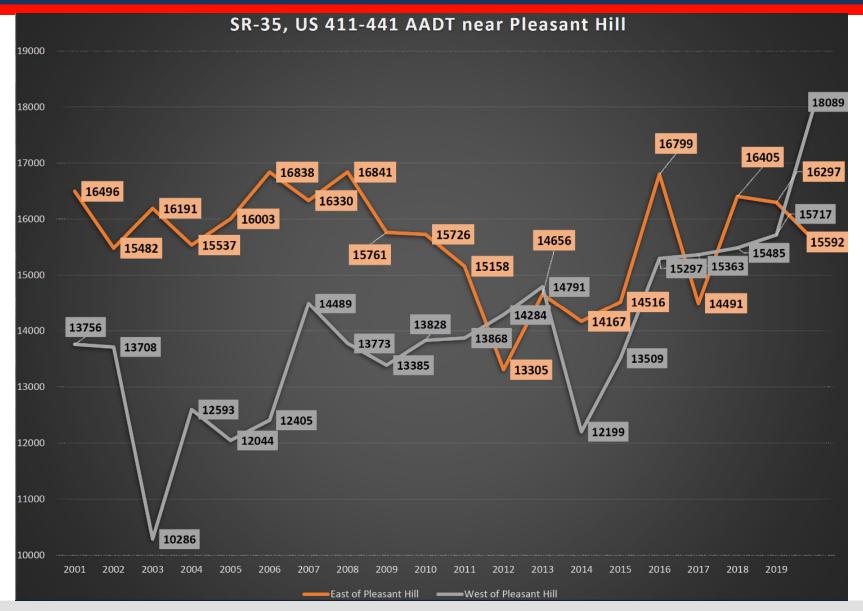
### **Existing Conditions**







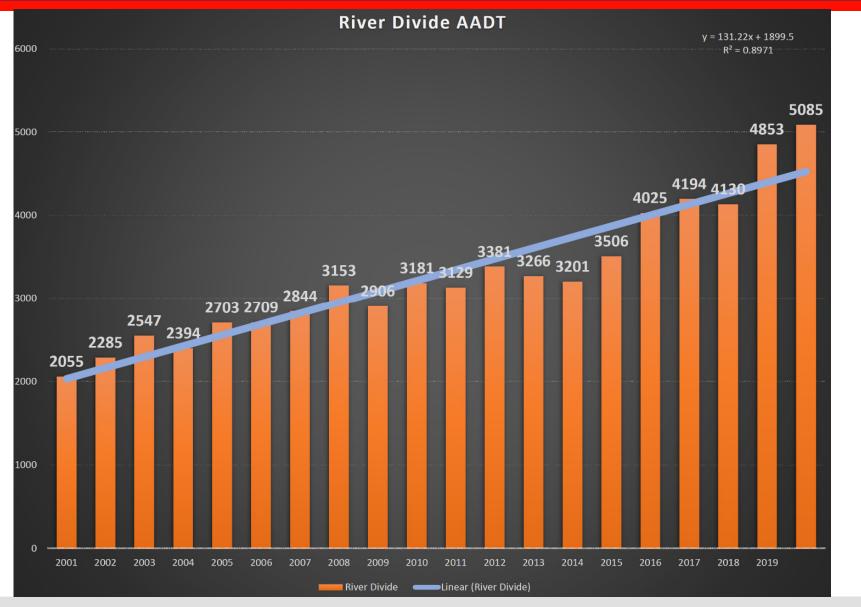
### **Traffic Volumes – Chapman Highway**







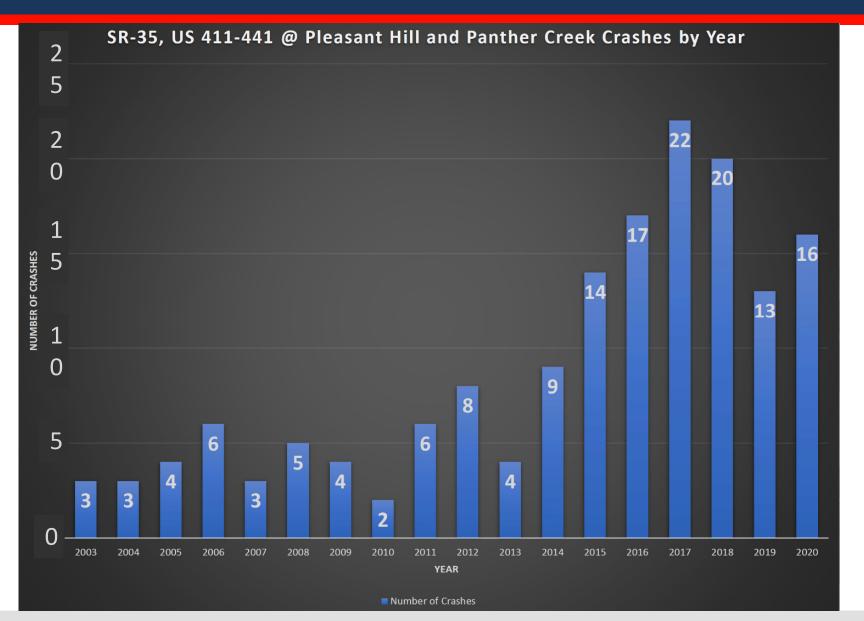
### **Traffic Volumes – River Divide**







### **Crash Numbers**







### **A Life Changing Product**

# iPhone

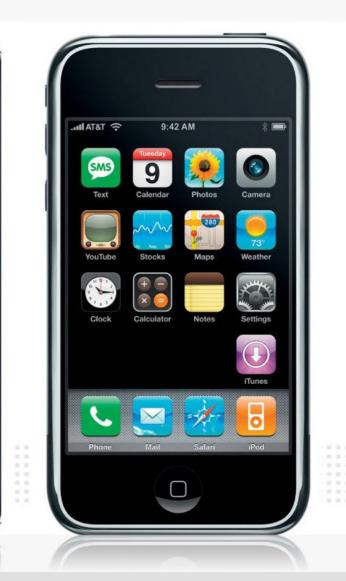
ANNOUNCED: Jan. 9, 2007

RELEASED: June 29, 2007

#### **KEY FEATURES:**

3.5-inch diagonal screen;320 x 480 pixels at 163 ppi;2-megapixel camera

**PRICE:** 4GB model, \$499; 8GB version, \$599 (with a two-year contract)







### **But There's More!**

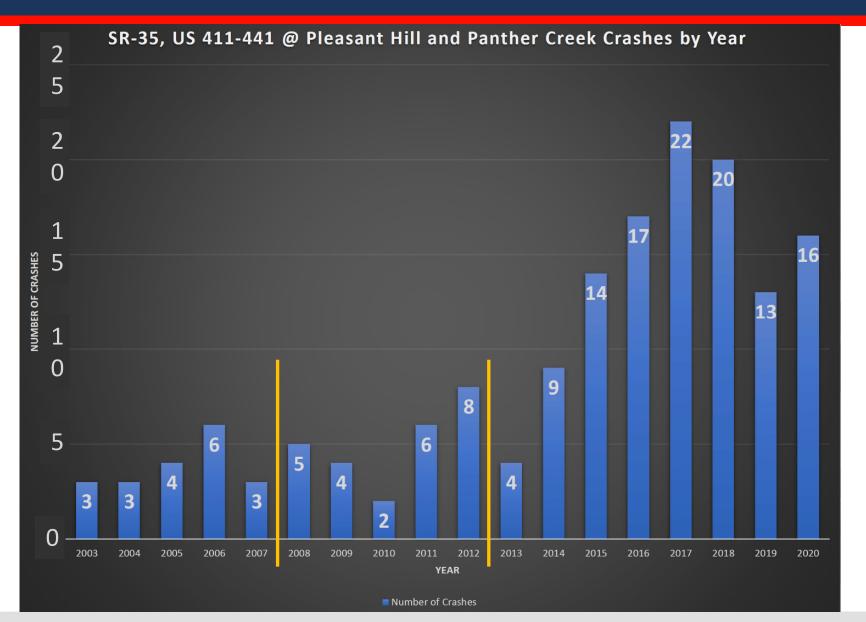
- Google Maps debuted on the iPhone in 2007
- Received over 10 million downloads in 2 days
- Google Maps was Apple's default mapping app until 2012
- Other mapping products have since come out







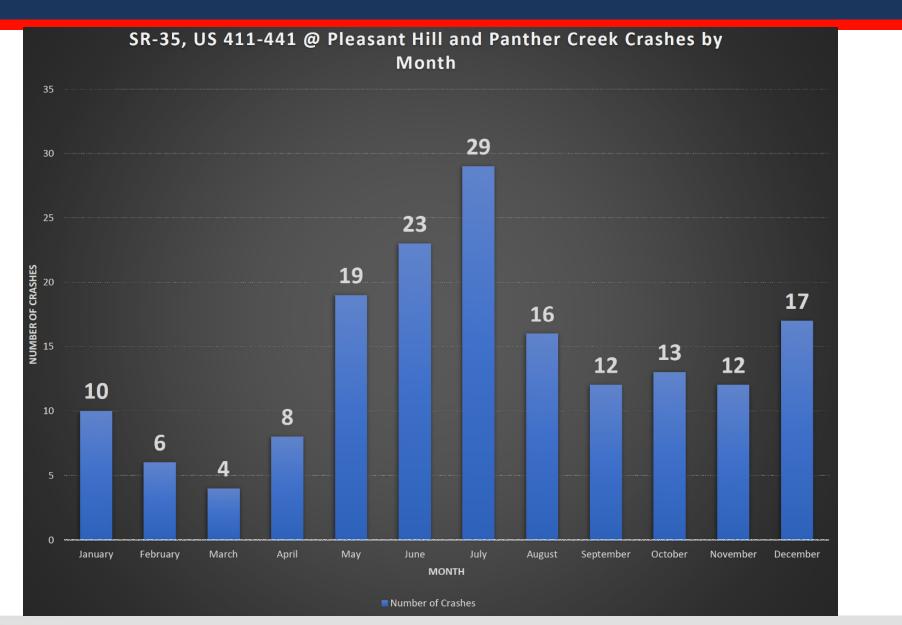
### **Crash Numbers**







### **Crashes by Month**







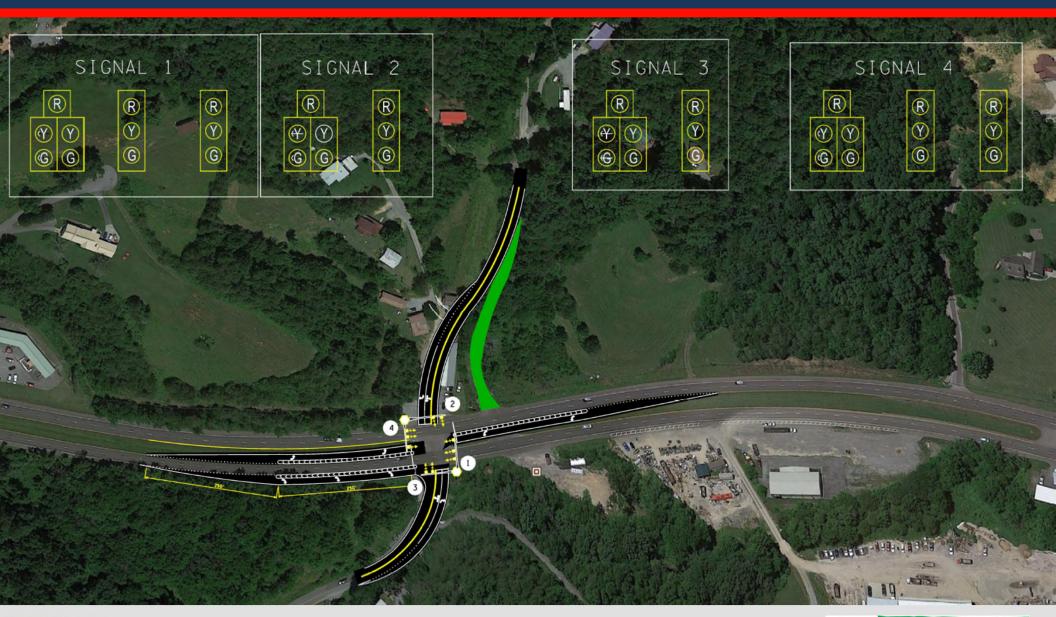
### **Short Term Improvements**







### **Long Term Improvements**









# Thank You

TSITE Summer Meeting, 7/28/2022



## **Questions?**

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TSITE Summer Meeting, 7/28/2022